

Section 1: Identification of the Substance/Mixture and of the Company/Undertaking

1.1 Product identifier

Product Name

· Thermal-Seal

• Anti-Seize; Lubricant; Sealant; Thread Compound

1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Relevant identified use(s)

• Anti-Seize, Lubricant, Sealant, conventional tubing threads in high temperature service

1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Manufacturer

Synonyms

 Topco Oilsite Products Ltd. Bay 7, 3401 - 19th Street N.E. Calgary, Alberta T2E 6S8 Canada www.topcooilsite.com msds@topcooilsite.com

Telephone (General) • 403-219-0255

1.4 Emergency telephone number

Manufacturer	• 403-219-0255
Poison & Drug Information	Service (Alberta Health
Services)	• 1-800-332-1414

Section 2: Hazards Identification

EU/EEC

According to: Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 (CLP)/REACH 1907/2006 [amended by 2015/830]

2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

CLP

• Carcinogenicity 2 - H351 Hazardous to the aquatic environment Acute 1 - H400 Hazardous to the aquatic environment Chronic 1 - H410

2.2 Label Elements

CLP

WARNING



Hazard statements • H351 - Suspected of causing cancer.

H400 - Very toxic to aquatic life

H410 - Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects

Precautionary statements

Prevention • P201 - Obtain special instructions before use. P202 - Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. P273 - Avoid release to the environment. P280 - Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.
 Response • P308+P313 - IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention. P391 - Collect spillage.
 Storage/Disposal • P405 - Store locked up. P501 - Dispose of content and/or container in accordance with local, regional, national, and/or international regulations.

2.3 Other Hazards

- CLP
- Heating above the melting point releases metallic oxides which may cause metal fume fever by inhalation. The symptoms are shivering, fever, malaise and muscular pain. According to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 (CLP) this material is considered hazardous.

UN GHS Revision 4

According to: UN Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals (GHS): Fourth Revised Edition

2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

- **UN GHS**
- Acute Toxicity Oral 5 Skin Mild Irritation 3 Carcinogenicity 2 Hazardous to the aquatic environment Acute 1 Hazardous to the aquatic environment Chronic 1

2.2 Label elements

UN GHS

WARNING



Hazard statements	May be harmful if swallowed
	Causes mild skin irritation
	Suspected of causing cancer.
	Very toxic to aquatic life
	Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects
Precautionary statements	
Prevention	Obtain special instructions before use.
	Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Avoid release to the environment.
	Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.
Response	 If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice/attention. Call a POISON CENTER/doctor if you feel unwell. IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention.
	Collect spillage.
Storage/Disposal	 Store locked up. Dispose of content and/or container in accordance with local, regional, national, and/or international regulations.
Supplemental information	 40 - 55 percent of this product consists of an ingredient of unknown toxicity.
2.3 Other hazards	
UN GHS	• Heating above the melting point releases metallic oxides which may cause metal fume fever by inhalation. The symptoms are shivering, fever, malaise and muscular pain

According to the Globally Harmonized System for Classification and Labeling (GHS) this product is considered hazardous

United States (US) According to: OSHA 29 CFR 1910.1200 HCS

2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

• Carcinogenicity 2

Hazards Not Otherwise Classified - Health Hazards - Metal fume fever

2.2 Label elements

OSHA HCS 2012

WARNING



Hazard statements	Suspected of causing cancer.
Precautionary statements	
Prevention	 Obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.
Response	 IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention.
Storage/Disposal	 Store locked up. Dispose of content and/or container in accordance with local, regional, national, and/or international regulations.
2.3 Other hazards	
OSHA HCS 2012	• Heating above the melting point releases metallic oxides which may cause metal fume fever by inhalation. The symptoms are shivering, fever, malaise and muscular pain. Under United States Regulations (29 CFR 1910.1200 - Hazard Communication Standard), this product is considered hazardous.

Canada

According to: WHMIS 2015

2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

Carcinogenicity 2

Health Hazards Not Otherwise Classified 1

2.2 Label elements

WHMIS 2015

WHMIS 2015

DANGER



Hazard statements • Suspected of causing cancer.

Heating above the melting point releases metallic oxides which may cause metal fume fever by inhalation. The symptoms are shivering, fever, malaise and muscular pain.

Precautionary statements

Prevention •	 Obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.
Response	IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention.
Storage/Disposal •	Store locked up. Dispose of content and/or container in accordance with local, regional, national, and/or international regulations.
2.3 Other hazards	
WHMIS 2015	In Canada, the product mentioned above is considered hazardous under the Workplace Hazardous Materials Information System (WHMIS).

Section 3 - Composition/Information on Ingredients

3.1 Substances

• Material does not meet the criteria of a substance.

3.2 Mixtures

Composition								
Chemical Name	Identifiers	%	LD50/LC50	Classifications According to Regulation/Directive	Comments			
Crystalline silica	CAS:14808-60- 7 EC Number:238- 878-4	30%	NDA	EU CLP: STOT RE 1, H372; Carc. 1A; H350i, H350i UN GHS Revision 4: OSHA HCS 2012: Carc. 1A; STOT RE 1 (Lungs/Inhl) WHMIS 2015: Carc. 1A; STOT RE 1 (Lungs/Inhl)	NDA			
Graphite	CAS:7782-42-5 EC Number:231- 955-3	> 25%	NDA	EU CLP: STOT RE 1 (Lungs / Inhl), H372 UN GHS Revision 4: STOT RE 1 (Lungs / Inhl) OSHA HCS 2012: Comb. Dust; STOT RE 1 (Lungs / Inhl) WHMIS 2015: Comb. Dust; STOT RE 1 (Lungs / Inhl)	NDA			
Zinc powder, stabilized	CAS :7440-66-6 EC Number: 231- 175-3	10% TO 25%	NDA	EU CLP: Annex VI, Table 3.1: Aquatic Acute 1, H400; Aquatic Chronic 1, H410 UN GHS Revision 4: Skin Irrit. 3; Aquatic Acute 1; Aquatic Chronic 1 OSHA HCS 2012: Comb. Dust; Hazard Not Otherwise Classified - Health Hazard - Metal fume fever WHMIS 2015: Comb. Dust; Hazard Not Otherwise Classified - Health Hazard - Metal fume fever	NDA			
Copper oxide	CAS: 1317-38-0 EU Index: 029- 016-00-6 EINECS: 215- 269-1	5% TO 10%	Ingestion/Oral-Rat LD50 • 470 mg/kg	EU CLP: Annex VI, Table 3.1: Aquatic Acute 1, H400; Aquatic Chronic 1, H410 UN GHS Revision 4: Acute Tox. 4 (Orl); Aquatic Acute 1 (M=10); Aquatic Chronic 1 (M=1) OSHA HCS 2012: Acute Tox. 4 (Oral); Hazard Not Otherwise Classified - Health Hazard - Metal Fume Fever WHMIS 2015: Acute Tox. 4 (Oral); Hazard Not Otherwise Classified - Health Hazard - Metal Fume Fever	NDA			

Asphalt	CAS: 8052-42-4 EINECS: 232- 490-9	2.1%	Ingestion/Oral-Rat LD50 • >5000 mg/kg Skin-Rabbit LD50 • 2000 mg/kg	EU CLP: Carc. 2, H351 (Dermal) UN GHS Revision 4: Carc. 2 (Dermal) OSHA HCS 2012: Carc. 2 (Dermal) WHMIS 2015: Carc. 2 (Dermal)	NDA
Zinc O,O-bis(mixed iso- butyl and pentyl) phosphorodithioate	CAS: 68457-79- 4 EINECS: 270- 608-0	0.5355%	NDA	EU CLP: Not Classified UN GHS Revision 4: Acute Tox. 5 (Orl) OSHA HCS 2012: Not Classified WHMIS 2015: Not Classified	NDA

See Section 16 for full text of H-statements.

Section 4 - First Aid Measures

4.1 Description of first aid measures

Inhalation Move victim to fresh air. Administer oxygen if breathing is difficult. Give artificial respiration if victim is not breathing.

Skin • In case of contact with substance, immediately flush skin with running water for at least 20 minutes. Get medical attention if symptoms occur.

Eye • In case of contact with substance, immediately flush eyes with running water for at least 20 minutes. Get medical attention if symptoms occur.

Ingestion · Obtain medical attention immediately if ingested.

4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

• Refer to Section 11 - Toxicological Information.

4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

• All treatments should be based on observed signs and symptoms of distress in the patient. Notes to Physician Consideration should be given to the possibility that overexposure to materials other than this product may have occurred.

Section 5 - Firefighting Measures

5.1 Extinguishing media

Suitable Extinguishing Media	 In case of fire use media as appropriate for surrounding fire.
Unsuitable Extinguishing Media	No data available
5.2 Special hazards arising from	om the substance or mixture
Unusual Fire and Explosion Hazards	• None
Hazardous Combustion Products	 Hazardous decomposition products formed under fire conditions: Carbon oxides.
5.3 Advice for firefighters	
	• Structural firefighters' protective clothing will only provide limited protection.

Wear positive pressure self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA).

Section 6 - Accidental Release Measures

6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Personal Precautions	• Ventilate the area. Do not walk through spilled material. Wear appropriate personal
	protective equipment, avoid direct contact.

Emergency Procedures • Keep unauthorized personnel away. Stay upwind.

6.2 Environmental precautions

· Avoid run off to waterways and sewers.

6.3 Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Containment/Clean-up • Carefully shovel or sweep up spilled material and place in suitable container. **Measures**

6.4 Reference to other sections

Refer to Section 8 - Exposure Controls/Personal Protection and Section 13 - Disposal Considerations.

Section 7 - Handling and Storage

7.1 Precautions for safe handling

Handling • Use only with adequate ventilation. Use good safety and industrial hygiene practices. Wear appropriate personal protective equipment, avoid direct contact. Avoid contact with skin, eyes, and clothing. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Wash thoroughly with soap and water after handling and before eating, drinking, or using tobacco.

7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Storage • Keep container tightly closed. Store in a cool, dry, well-ventilated place.

7.3 Specific end use(s)

• Refer to Section 1.2 - Relevant identified uses.

Section 8 - Exposure Controls/Personal Protection

8.1 Control parameters

Exposure Limits/Guidelines									
	Result	ACGIH	Argentina	Australia	Canada Alberta	Canada British Columbia			
Asphalt (8052-42-4)	TWAs	0.5 mg/m3 TWA (fume, inhalable particulate matter, as benzene-soluble aerosol)	0.5 mg/m3 TWA [CMP] (Bitumen, inhalable fraction, as soluble aerosol in benzene)	5 mg/m3 TWA (fume)	5 mg/m3 TWA (Petroleum; Bitumen, fume)	0.5 mg/m3 TWA (inhalable fume, as Benzene-soluble aerosol)			
Copper oxide	TWAs	1 mg/m3 TWA (dust and mist, as Cu) as Copper compounds	Not established	Not established	Not established	Not established			
Graphite	TWAs	2 mg/m3 TWA (all forms except graphite fibers, respirable particulate matter)	2 mg/m3 TWA [CMP] (all forms except fibers, respirable fraction)	3 mg/m3 TWA (containing no asbestos and <1% crystalline silica; all forms except fibres; natural and synthetic, respirable dust)	2 mg/m3 TWA (all postos and <1% stalline silica; all ms except fibres; rural and synthetic,				
Crystalline silica (14808-60-7)	TWAs	0.025 mg/m3 TWA (respirable particulate matter)	0.05 mg/m3 TWA [CMP] (respirable fraction)	0.1 mg/m3 TWA (respirable dust)	0.025 mg/m3 TWA (respirable particulate)	0.025 mg/m3 TWA (respirable)			
		E	cposure Limits/Gu	1 1					
	Result	Canada Manitoba	Canada New Brunswick	Canada Northwest Territories	Canada Nova Scotia	Canada Nunavut			
Asphalt	TWAs	0.5 mg/m3 TWA (fume, inhalable particulate matter, as Benzene-soluble aerosol)		0.5 mg/m3 TWA (Bitumen, fume, as Benzene soluble aerosol (inhalable fraction))	0.5 mg/m3 TWA (fume, inhalable particulate matter, as Benzene-soluble aerosol)	0.5 mg/m3 TWA (Bitumen, fume, as Benzene soluble aerosol (inhalable fraction))			
(8052-42-4)	STELs	Not established	Not established	1.5 mg/m3 STEL (Bitumen, fume, as Benzene soluble aerosol (inhalable fraction))	Not established	1.5 mg/m3 STEL (Bitumen, fume, as Benzene soluble aerosol (inhalable fraction))			

Copper oxide	TWAs	1 mg/m3 TWA (dust and mist, as Cu) as Copper compounds	Not established	Not established	1 mg/m3 TWA (dust and mist, as Cu) as Copper compounds	Not established
Graphite STEL		2 mg/m3 TWA (all forms except Graphite fibers, respirable particulate matter)	2 mg/m3 TWA (all forms except graphite fibres)	except Graphite		2 mg/m3 TWA (natural, all forms, except Graphite fibres, respirable fraction)
		Not established	Not established	4 mg/m3 STEL (natural, all forms, except Graphite fibres, respirable fraction)		4 mg/m3 STEL (natural, all forms, except Graphite fibres, respirable fraction)
Crystalline silica (14808-60-7)	TWAs	0.025 mg/m3 TWA (respirable particulate matter)	0.1 mg/m3 TWA (respirable fraction)	0.05 mg/m3 TWA (respirable fraction, listed under Silica - crystalline)	0.025 mg/m3 TWA (respirable particulate matter)	0.05 mg/m3 TWA (respirable fraction, listed under Silica - crystalline)
		E	cposure Limits/Gι		1	
	Result	Canada Ontario	Canada Quebec	Canada Saskatchewan	Canada Yukon	China
Asphalt	STELs	Not established	Not established	1.5 mg/m3 STEL (fume and inhalable fraction, as Benzene soluble aerosol)	10 mg/m3 STEL (fume)	12.5 mg/m3 STEL (fume, as Benzene soluble matter)
(8052-42-4)	TWAs	0.5 mg/m3 TWA (fume, inhalable, as Benzene-soluble aerosol)	5 mg/m3 TWAEV (fume)	0.5 mg/m3 TWA (fume and inhalable fraction, as Benzene soluble aerosol)	5 mg/m3 TWA (fume)	5 mg/m3 TWA (fume, as Benzene soluble matter)
	STELs Not established Not		Not established	4 mg/m3 STEL (natural, except Graphite fibres, respirable fraction)	Not established	8 mg/m3 STEL (total dust); 4 mg/m3 STEL (respirable dust)
Graphite	TWAs	2 mg/m3 TWA (except Graphite fibres, respirable)	2 mg/m3 TWAEV (containing no Asbestos and <1% Crystalline silica, except Graphite fibres, respirable dust)	2 mg/m3 TWA (natural, except Graphite fibres, respirable fraction)	20 mppcf TWA; 30 mppcf TWA (synthetic); 10 mg/m3 TWA (synthetic)	4 mg/m3 TWA (total dust); 2 mg/m3 TWA (respirable dust)
Crystalline silica (14808-60-7)	STELS	Not established	Not established	Not established	Not established	1.4 mg/m3 STEL (containing 50-80% free SiO2, total dust); 0.6 mg/m3 STEL (containing 50-80% free SiO2, respirable dust); 2 mg/m3 STEL (containing 10-50% free SiO2, total dust); 1.4 mg/m3 STEL (containing 10-50% free SiO2, respirable dust); 1 mg/m3 STEL (containing >80% free SiO2, total dust); 0.4 mg/m3 STEL (containing >80% free SiO2, respirable dust)
	substances0.1 mg/m3 TWAEVTWAsregulation, respirable, listed(respirable dust)		0.05 mg/m3 TWA (respirable fraction, listed under Silica - crystalline (Trydimite removed))	300 particle/mL TWA (listed under Silica - Quartz, crystalline)	0.7 mg/m3 TWA (containing 50-80% free SiO2, total dust); 0.3 mg/m3 TWA (containing 50-80% free SiO2, respirable dust); 1 mg/m3 TWA (containing 10-50%	

						free SiO2, total dust); 0.7 mg/m3 TWA (containing 10-50% free SiO2, respirable dust); 0.5 mg/m3 TWA (containing >80% free SiO2, total dust); 0.2 mg/m3 TWA (containing >80% free SiO2, respirable dust)
	1		posure Limits/Gu		I	
	Result	France	Germany DFG	India	Indonesia	Israel
Asphalt (8052-42-4)	TWAs	Not established	Not established	Not established	0.5 mg/m3 TWA (soluble aerosol, fume)	0.5 mg/m3 TWA (fume, inhalable fraction, as benzene soluble aerosol)
Copper oxide	TWAs	Not established	Not established	Not established	Not established	1 mg/m3 TWA (dust and mist, as Cu) as Copper
						compounds
Zinc powder,	Ceilings	Not established	0.4 mg/m3 Peak (respirable fraction); 4 mg/m3 Peak (inhalable fraction)	Not established	Not established	Not established
stabilized (7440-66-6)	MAKs	Not established	0.1 mg/m3 TWA MAK (respirable fraction); 2 mg/m3 TWA MAK (inhalable fraction)	Not established	Not established	Not established
Orankita	2 mg/m3 TWA IV/ME1		Not established	Not established	2 mg/m3 TWA	2 mg/m3 TWA (respirable fraction, all forms except graphite fibers)
Graphite (7782-42-5)	MAKs	Not established	1.5 mg/m3 TWA MAK (respirable fraction); 4 mg/m3 TWA MAK (inhalable fraction)	Not established	Not established	Not established
Crystalline silica (14808-60-7)	TWAs	0.1 mg/m3 TWA [VME] (restrictive limit, alveolar fraction)	Not established	(10600)/(%Quartz + 10) mppcm TWA, dust count; (10)/(%Quartz + 2) mg/m3 TWA, respirable dust; (30)/(%Quartz + 3) mg/m3 TWA, total dust	0.1 mg/m3 TWA (respirable particulate)	0.025 mg/m3 TWA (respirable fraction)
		Ex	posure Limits/Gu	idelines (Con't.)		
	Result	Japan	Malaysia	Mexico	Netherlands	NIOSH
	STELs	Not established	Not established	10 mg/m3 STEL [PPT-CT]	Not established	Not established
Asphalt (8052-42-4)	TWAs	Not established	5 mg/m3 TWA (fume)	5 mg/m3 TWA VLE- PPT	Not established	Not established
	Ceilings	Not established	Not established	Not established	Not established	5 mg/m3 Ceiling (fume, 15 min)
Copper oxide	TWAs	Not established	Not established	Not established	Not established	0.1 mg/m3 TWA (fume, as Cu)
Graphite (7782-42-5)	TWAs	2 mg/m3 OEL (Class 1 Dust, total dust); 0.5 mg/m3 OEL (Class 1 Dust, respirable dust)	2 mg/m3 TWA (all forms except Graphite fibres, respirable fraction)	2 mg/m3 TWA VLE- PPT (synthetic and natural)	Not established	2.5 mg/m3 TWA (natural, respirable dust)

Crystalline silica (14808-60-7)	TWAs	(res as \$	rmg/m3 OEL pirable dust) Silica, crystalline neral form)		n3 TWA ble fraction)	0.1 mg/m3 T VLE-PPT (re fraction)		0.075 mg/m3 TW (respirable dust, listed under Silicit dioxide)		0.05 mg/m3 TWA (respirable dust)
	-	-				idelines (C		1		
Asphalt (8052-42-4)	TWAs		OSHA	OSHA Vacated		Benzene soluble		Russia Not established		Singapore 5 mg/m3 PEL (fume)
Graphite	TWAs	(synt 5 mg		dust); 10 TWA (sy dust); 5 r	respirable	espirable mg/m3 thetic, total g/m3 TWA 2 mg/m3 TWA [VLE- MP] (all forms except Graphite fibers, for a fibers, for		Not established		2 mg/m3 PEL (respirable dust)
TWA		50 µg/m3 TWA (listed under 0.1 r Respirable crystalline (resp silica)		0.1 mg/m (respirab		0.025 mg/m3 [VLE-MP] (re fraction)		1 mg/m3 TWA (quartz glass, disintegration aerosol, total mass of aerosols, listed under Silicon dioxide amorphous and vitreous); 1 mg/m3 TWA (containing >70% Silicon dioxide in dust, total mass of aerosols, listed under Crystalline silicon dioxide)		0.1 mg/m3 PEL (respirable dust)
Crystalline silica	STEL	ELs Not established		Not established		Not established		3 mg/m3 STEL (quartz glass, disintegration aerosol, total mass of aerosols, listed under Silicon dioxide amorphous and vitreous); 3 mg/m3 STEL (containing >70% Silicon dioxide in dust, total mass of aerosols, listed under Silicon dioxide crystalline)		Not established
			E	kposure	Limits/Gu	idelines (C	on't.)			
	R	esult	Thailand	d	United	Kingdom	-	ited States - California		Venezuela
Asphalt (8052-42-4)	ΤV	VAs	0.5 mg/m3 TWA (Benzene soluble aerosol)		5 mg/m3 TV	VA (fumes)	5 mg/m3	5 mg/m3 PEL (fume)		mg/m3 TWA [VTRE- 40 (fume, as zene soluble osols)
	ST	ELs	Not established		10 mg/m3 S	TEL (fumes)	Not esta	ablished	Not	established
Graphite		VAs	Not established		10 mg/m3 T (inhalable du TWA (respir	ust); 4 mg/m3	respirab mg/m3 l total dus	ic respirable		g/m3 TWA [VTRE-L-) (dust)
(7782-42-5)	ST	ELs	Not established		30 mg/m3 S (calculated, dust); 12 mg (calculated, dust)	inhalable g/m3 STEL	Not esta	ablished	Not	established

Crystalline silica	TWAs	0.025 mg/m3 TWA (respirable dust)	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	U	0.025 mg/m3 TWA [VTRE-L-8/40 (respirable fraction)
	STELs	Not established	0.3 mg/m3 STEL (calculated, respirable) as Silica, crystalline (general form)	Not established	Not established

Exposure Control Notations

Japan

•Copper oxide as Copper compounds: **Sensitizers:** (Group 2 skin sensitizer (Evaluation does not necessarily apply to all individuals within the group)) •Crystalline silica as Silica, crystalline (general form): **Carcinogens:** (Group 1 - Carcinogenic to Humans)

Mexico

•Asphalt (8052-42-4): Carcinogens: (A4 - Not classifiable as a human carcinogen)

Egypt

•Graphite (7782-42-5): Nuisance Dusts: (10 mg/m3 TWA (synthetic, containing <1% Quartz, total dust); 30 mppcf TWA (synthetic, containing <1% Quartz, total dust); 3 mg/m3 TWA (synthetic, containing <1% Quartz, total dust))

Portugal

•Asphalt (8052-42-4): Carcinogens: (A4 - Not Classifiable as a Human Carcinogen (fumes))

•Crystalline silica (14808-60-7): Carcinogens: (A2 - Suspected Human Carcinogen)

Indonesia

•Asphalt (8052-42-4): Carcinogens: (A4 - not classifiable as a human carcinogen)

Argentina

•Asphalt (8052-42-4): Carcinogens: (A4 - Not classifiable as a human carcinogen (fumes))

•Crystalline silica (14808-60-7): Carcinogens: (A2 - Suspected human carcinogen)

Canada Alberta

•Crystalline silica as Silica, crystalline (general form): **Designated Substances:** (Designated substance - requires code of practice (respirable)) Canada British Columbia

•Asphalt (8052-42-4): **Carcinogens:** (IARC Category 2A - Probable Human Carcinogen (fume; occupational exposure to oxidized Bitumens and their emissions during road paving); IARC Category 2B - Possible Human Carcinogen (fume; occupational exposure to straight-run Bitumens and their emissions during road paving)) | **Designated Substances:** (IARC Category 2B - Possible Human Carcinogen (fume; occupational exposure to straight-run Bitumens and their emissions during road paving); IARC Category 2A - Probable Human Carcinogen (fume; occupational exposure to oxidized Bitumens and their emissions during road paving); IARC Category 2A - Probable Human Carcinogen (fume; occupational exposure to oxidized Bitumens and their emissions during road paving))

•Crystalline silica (14808-60-7): **Carcinogens:** (ACGIH Category A2 - Suspected Human Carcinogen; IARC Category 1 - Human Carcinogen) | **Designated Substances:** (ACGIH Category A2 - Suspected Human Carcinogen; IARC Category 1 - Human Carcinogen) **Canada Manitoba**

•Asphalt (8052-42-4): Carcinogens: (A4 Not Classifiable as a Human Carcinogen (fume, Coal tar-free))

•Crystalline silica (14808-60-7): Carcinogens: (A2 Suspected Human Carcinogen)

Canada New Brunswick

•Asphalt (8052-42-4): Carcinogens: (A4 - Not Classifiable as a Human Carcinogen (fumes))

Canada Nova Scotia

•Asphalt (8052-42-4): Carcinogens: (A4 - Not Classifiable as a Human Carcinogen (fume, Coal tar-free))

•Crystalline silica (14808-60-7): Carcinogens: (A2 - Suspected Human Carcinogen)

Canada Ontario

•Crystalline silica (14808-60-7): **Designated Substances:** (0.10 mg/m3 TWA (respirable fraction, listed under Silica, crystalline)) **Canada Quebec**

•Crystalline silica (14808-60-7): Carcinogens: (C2 carcinogen - effect suspected in humans)

Canada Saskatchewan

•Crystalline silica as Silica, crystalline (general form): Designated Substances: (Present (respirable size))

Venezuela

•Asphalt (8052-42-4): Ceilings: (Present)

•Crystalline silica (14808-60-7): Ceilings: (Present)

ACGIH

•Asphalt (8052-42-4): Carcinogens: (A4 - Not Classifiable as a Human Carcinogen (fume, coal tar-free))

•Crystalline silica (14808-60-7): Carcinogens: (A2 - Suspected Human Carcinogen)

Germany DFG

•Zinc powder, stabilized (7440-66-6): Pregnancy: (no risk to embryo/fetus if exposure limits adhered to (respirable; inhalable))

•Graphite (7782-42-5): Pregnancy: (no risk to embryo/fetus if exposure limits adhered to (inhalable fraction; respirable fraction))

•Asphalt (8052-42-4): Carcinogens: (Category 2 (considered to be carcinogenic for man; aerosol and vapor)) | Skin: (skin notation (aerosol and vapour))

•Crystalline silica (14808-60-7): Carcinogens: (Category 1 (causes cancer in man; alveola fraction))

Exposure Limits Supplemental

Thailand

•Graphite (7782-42-5): Mineral Dusts: (15 mppcf TWA)

•Graphite as Particulates not otherwise classified (PNOC): Mineral Dusts: (15 mppcf TWA (respirable dust); 15 mg/m3 TWA (total dust); 50 mppcf TWA (total dust); 5 mg/m3 TWA (respirable dust))

•Crystalline silica (14808-60-7): Mineral Dusts: (TWA ((250/(%SiO2 + 5)), mppcf, respirable dust); TWA ((10/(%SiO2 + 2)), mg/m3, respirable dust); TWA ((30/(% SiO2 + 2)), mg/m3, total dust))

Israel •Asphalt (8052-42-4): Biological Markers of Occupational Exposure: (Medium: urine Time: end of shift at end of workweek Parameter: 1-Hydroxypyrene with hydrolysis (nonquantitative))

OSHA

•Graphite (7782-42-5): Mineral Dusts: (15 mppcf TWA (natural))

•Graphite as Particulates not otherwise classified (PNOC): Mineral Dusts: (15 mppcf TWA (respirable fraction); 5 mg/m3 TWA (respirable fraction); 50 mppcf TWA (total dust); 15 mg/m3 TWA (total dust))

•Crystalline silica (14808-60-7): Mineral Dusts: ((250)/(%SiO2 + 5) mppcf TWA, respirable fraction; (10)/(%SiO2 + 2) mg/m3 TWA, respirable fraction)

ACGIH

•Graphite (7782-42-5): TLV Basis - Critical Effects: (pneumoconiosis (all forms except graphite fibers))

•Copper oxide as Copper compounds: TLV Basis - Critical Effects: (gastrointestinal (dust and mist); irritation (dust and mist))

•Asphalt (8052-42-4): BEIs: (Medium: urine Time: end of shift at end of workweek Parameter: 1-Hydroxypyrene with hydrolysis (nonquantitative)) TLV Basis - Critical Effects: (eye and upper respiratory tract irritation (fume))

•Crystalline silica (14808-60-7): TLV Basis - Critical Effects: (lung cancer; pulmonary fibrosis)

8.2 Exposure controls

Engineering	• Good general ventilation should be used. Ventilation rates should be matched to conditions.
Measures/Controls	If applicable, use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation, or other engineering controls to maintain airborne levels below recommended exposure limits. If exposure limits have not been established, maintain airborne levels to an acceptable level.
	been established, maintain airborne levels to an acceptable level.

Personal Protective Equipment

	-quipinoin			
Respiratory	 In case of insufficient ven 	tilation,	wear suitable respiratory equipment.	
Eye/Face	 Wear protective eyewear 	(goggle	es, face shield, or safety glasses).	
Skin/Body	 Natural Rubber, latex glov protective coveralls. 	ves. Bre	eak throuugh time: 4-8 Hours. Wear long sleeves and/or	
Environmental Exposure Controls	,			
Key to abbreviations				
ACGIH = American Conference Hygiene	e of Governmental Industrial	PEL	Permissible Exposure Level determined by the Occupational Safety and Health Administration (OSHA)	
BEI = Biological Exposure Indices			= Short Term Exposure Limits are based on 15-minute exposures	

MAK = Maximale Arbeitsplatz Konzentration is the maximum permissible concentration

NIOSH = National Institute of Occupational Safety and Health

OSHA = Occupational Safety and Health Administration

- Threshold Limit Value determined by the American Conference of
- = Governmental Industrial Hygienists (ACGIH) TLV
- TWA = Time-Weighted Averages are based on 8h/day, 40h/week exposures
- TWAEV = Time-Weighted Average Exposure Value

Section 9 - Physical and Chemical Properties

9.1 Information on Basic Physical and Chemical Properties

Material Description

Material Description				
Physical Form	Solid	Appearance/Description	Brown/copper semi-solid paste with mild petroleum odor.	
Color	Brown/copper	Odor	Mild, petroleum.	
Odor Threshold	Data lacking			
General Properties				
Boiling Point	Data lacking	Melting Point/Freezing Point	Data lacking	
Decomposition Temperature	Data lacking	рН	Data lacking	
Specific Gravity/Relative Density	Data lacking	Water Solubility	Data lacking	
Viscosity	Data lacking	Explosive Properties	Data lacking	
Oxidizing Properties:	Data lacking			
Volatility				
Vapor Pressure	Data lacking	Vapor Density	Data lacking	
Evaporation Rate	Data lacking			

Flammability					
Flash Point	Data lacking	UEL	Data lacking		
LEL	Data lacking	Autoignition	Data lacking		
Flammability (solid, gas)	Data lacking				
Environmental					
Octanol/Water Partition coefficient	Data lacking				

9.2 Other Information

• No additional physical and chemical parameters noted.

Section 10: Stability and Reactivity

10.1 Reactivity

• No dangerous reaction known under conditions of normal use.

10.2 Chemical stability

• Stable under normal temperatures and pressures.

10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions

• Hazardous polymerization will not occur.

10.4 Conditions to avoid

• Keep away from heat, sparks and flame.

10.5 Incompatible materials

• None in particular.

10.6 Hazardous decomposition products

• Hazardous decomposition products formed under fire conditions: Carbon oxides.

Section 11 - Toxicological Information

11.1 Information on toxicological effects

		Components
Zinc powder, stabilized (10% TO 25%)Irritation: Skin-Human • 300 µg 3 Day(s)-Intermittent • Mild irritation; Tumorigen / Carcinogen: Ingestion/Oral-Mouse TDLo • 12.6 mg/kg 46 Week(s)-Continuou Tumorigenic:Carcinogenic by RTECS criteria; Gastrointestinal:Tumors; Tumorigenic:Faci action of known carcinogen		
Copper oxide (5% TO 10%)	1317- 38-0	Acute Toxicity: Ingestion/Oral-Rat LD50 • 470 mg/kg
Asphalt (2.1%)	8052- 42-4	Acute Toxicity: Ingestion/Oral-Rat LD50 • >5000 mg/kg; Gastrointestinal:Hypermotility, diarrhea; Skin-Rabbit LD50 • 2000 mg/kg; Multi-dose Toxicity: Inhalation-Rat TCLo • 100 mg/m ³ 6 Hour(s) 14 Week(s)-Intermittent; Sense Organs and Special Senses:Olfaction:Tumors; Behavioral:Food intake (animal); Nutritional and Gross Metabolic:Gross Metabolite Changes:Weight loss or decreased weight gain; Inhalation- Human TDLo • 10 mg/m ³ 5.5 Year(s)-Intermittent; Sense Organs and Special Senses:Eye:Conjunctive irritation; Lungs, Thorax, or Respiration:Cough; Gastrointestinal:Changes in structure or function of salivary glands; Tumorigen / Carcinogen: Skin-Mouse • 69 g/kg 43 Week(s)-Intermittent; Tumorigenic:Equivocal tumorigenic agent by RTECS criteria; Lungs, Thorax, or Respiration:Tumors; Skin and Appendages:Other:Tumors
Zinc O,O-bis(mixed iso- butyl and pentyl) phosphorodithioate (0.5355%)	68457- 79-4	Acute Toxicity: Ingestion/Oral-Rat LD50 • 3.6 g/kg; Behavioral:Somnolence (general depressed activity); Lungs, Thorax, or Respiration:Other changes; Gastrointestinal:Hypermotility, diarrhea
Crystalline silica (30%)	14808- 60-7	Acute Toxicity: Inhalation-Human TCLo • 16 mppcf 8 Hour(s) 17.9 Year(s)-Intermittent; Lungs, Thorax, or Respiration:Fibrosis, focal (pneumoconiosis); Lungs, Thorax, or Respiration:Cough; Lungs, Thorax, or Respiration:Dyspnea; Inhalation-Rat TCLo • 200 mg/kg; Lungs, Thorax, or Respiration:Fibrosis, focal (pneumoconiosis); Lungs, Thorax, or Respiration:Other changes; Nutritional and Gross Metabolic:Changes in Chemistry or Temperature:Fe; Multi-dose Toxicity: Inhalation-Hamster TCLo • 3 mg/m ³ 6 Hour(s) 78 Week(s)-Intermittent; Lungs,

	Thorax, or Respiration:Fibrosis (interstitial); Lungs, Thorax, or Respiration:Changes in lung weight; Inhalation-Rat TCLo • 80 mg/m ³ 26 Week(s)-Intermittent; Lungs, Thorax, or Respiration:Fibrosis, focal (pneumoconiosis); Blood:Changes in spleen; Immunological Including Allergic:Decrease in cellular immune response; Inhalation-Rat TCLo • 58 mg/m ³ 13 Week(s)- Intermittent; Lungs, Thorax, or Respiration:Other changes; Endocrine:Changes in thymus weight; Blood:Changes in leucocyte (WBC) count; Mutagen: Micronucleus test • Unreported Route-Human • Lung (Somatic cell) • 40 μg/cm ³ ; DNA damage • Unreported Route-Human • Other Cell Type • 120 mg/L 24 Hour(s); DNA damage • Unreported Route-Human • Other Cell Type • 120 mg/L; Tumorigen / Carcinogen: Inhalation-Rat TCLo • 50 mg/m ³ 6 Hour(s) 71 Week(s)-Intermittent; Tumorigenic:Carcinogenic by RTECS criteria; Liver:Tumors
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GHS Properties	Classification
Acute toxicity	EU/CLP•Data lacking UN GHS 4•Acute Toxicity - Oral 5 - ATEmix (oral) = 2115 mg/kg OSHA HCS 2012•Data lacking WHMIS 2015•Data lacking
Skin corrosion/Irritation	EU/CLP•Data lacking UN GHS 4•Skin Mild Irritation 3 OSHA HCS 2012•Data lacking WHMIS 2015•Data lacking
Serious eye damage/Irritation	EU/CLP•Data lacking UN GHS 4•Data lacking OSHA HCS 2012•Data lacking WHMIS 2015•Data lacking
Skin sensitization	EU/CLP•Data lacking UN GHS 4•Data lacking OSHA HCS 2012•Data lacking WHMIS 2015•Data lacking
Respiratory sensitization	EU/CLP•Data lacking UN GHS 4•Data lacking OSHA HCS 2012•Data lacking WHMIS 2015•Data lacking
Aspiration Hazard	EU/CLP•Data lacking UN GHS 4•Data lacking OSHA HCS 2012•Data lacking WHMIS 2015•Data lacking
Carcinogenicity	EU/CLP•Carcinogenicity 2; Suspected of causing cancer UN GHS 4•Carcinogenicity 2 OSHA HCS 2012•Carcinogenicity 2 WHMIS 2015•Carcinogenicity 2
Germ Cell Mutagenicity	EU/CLP•Data lacking UN GHS 4•Data lacking OSHA HCS 2012•Data lacking WHMIS 2015•Data lacking
Toxicity for Reproduction	EU/CLP•Data lacking UN GHS 4•Data lacking OSHA HCS 2012•Data lacking WHMIS 2015•Data lacking
STOT-SE	EU/CLP•Data lacking UN GHS 4•Data lacking OSHA HCS 2012•Data lacking WHMIS 2015•Data lacking
STOT-RE	EU/CLP•Data lacking UN GHS 4•Data lacking

	OSHA HCS 2012•Data lacking			
	WHMIS 2015•Data lacking			
Potential Health E	ffects			
Inhalation				
Acute (Immediate)	 Under normal conditions of use, no health effects are expected. 			
Chronic (Delayed)	No data available			
Skin				
Acute (Immediate)	Causes mild skin irritation.			
Chronic (Delayed)	No data available			
Eye				
Acute (Immediate)	 Under normal conditions of use, no health effects are expected. 			
Chronic (Delayed)	No data available			
Ingestion				
Acute (Immediate)	May be harmful if swallowed.			
Chronic (Delayed)	No data available			
Carcinogenic Effects • Repeated and prolonged exposure may cause cancer.				
Carcinogenic Effects				

Carcinogenic Effects					
CAS IARC NTP					
Asphalt	8052-42-4	Group 2B-Possible Carcinogen	Not Listed		
Crystalline silica 14808-60-7 Group 1-Carcinogenic Known Human Carcinogen					

11.2 Other information

• Heating above the melting point releases metallic oxides which may cause metal fume fever which is an influenza like illness. Symptoms include headache, metallic taste in the mouth, cough, thirst, throat irritation, shortness of breath, fever, sweating and pain in the limbs. This illness is not permanent and recovery usually occurs within 24-48 hours after onset.

Key to abbreviations

- LD = Lethal Dose
- TC = Toxic Concentration
- TD = Toxic Dose

Section 12 - Ecological Information

12.1 Toxicity

	Components				
Zinc powder, stabilized (10% 7440-66- TO 25%) 6		 Aquatic Toxicity-Fish: 96 Hour(s) LC50 Pimephales promelas (Fathead Minnow) 0.238 mg/L 28 Day(s) NOEC Cyprinus carpio (Common Carp) 0.0026 mg/L Aquatic Toxicity-Crustacea: 21 Day(s) NOEC Daphnia magna (Water Flea) 0.062 mg/L 48 Hour(s) EC50 Ceriodaphnia dubia 0.07 mg/L Aquatic Toxicity-Algae and Other Aquatic Plant(s): 72 Hour(s) EC50 Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (Green Algae) 0.106 mg/L 14 Day(s) NOEC Euglena gracilis (Flagellate Euglenoid) 0.0075 mg/L 			
Copper oxide (5% TO 10%)	1317-38- 0	Aquatic Toxicity-Fish:96 Hour(s) LC50 Gambusia affinis (Western Mosquitofish) >56000 mg/L15 Day(s) NOEC Cyprinus carpio (Common Carp) 0.0128 mg/LAquatic Toxicity-Crustacea:48 Hour(s) EC50 Daphnia magna (Water Flea) 92.7 mg/LAquatic Toxicity-Algae and Other Aquatic Plant(s):72 Hour(s) EC50 Pseudokirchneriellasubcapitata (Green Algae) 0.014 mg/L3 Day(s) NOEC Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (Green Algae) 0.421 mg/L			

• Very toxic to aquatic life. Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

12.2 Persistence and degradability

Material data lacking.

12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

• Material data lacking.

12.4 Mobility in Soil

Material data lacking.

12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

• No PBT and vPvB assessment has been conducted.

12.6 Other adverse effects

• No studies have been found.

Section 13 - Disposal Considerations

13.1 Waste treatment methods

Product waste • Dispose of content and/or container in accordance with local, regional, national, and/or international regulations.

Packaging
waste• Dispose of content and/or container in accordance with local, regional, national, and/or
international regulations.

Section 14 - Transport Information

	14.1 UN number	14.2 UN proper shipping name	14.3 Transport hazard class(es)	14.4 Packing group	14.5 Environmental hazards
DOT	UN3077	Environmentally hazardous substance, solid, n.o.s. (Zinc powder, Copper oxides)	9	Ш	NDA
TDG	UN3077	ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, SOLID, N.O.S. (Zinc powder, Copper oxides)	9	=	NDA
IMO/IMDG	UN3077	ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, SOLID, N.O.S. (Zinc powder, Copper oxides)	9		NDA
IATA/ICAO	UN3077	Environmentally hazardous substance, solid, n.o.s. (Zinc powder, Copper oxides)	9		NDA

14.6 Special precautions for user

• None specified.

14.7 Transport in bulk according to Annex II of Marpol and the IBC Code • Data lacking.

Section 15 - Regulatory Information

15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

State Right To Know						
Component	CAS	PA				
Asphalt	8052-42-4	Yes				
Copper oxide	1317-38-0	No				
Crystalline silica	14808-60- 7	Yes				
Graphite	7782-42-5	Yes				
Zinc O,O- bis(mixed iso-butyl and pentyl) phosphorodithioate	4	No				
Zinc powder, stabilized	7440-66-6	Yes				

Component	CAS	Australia	AICS	Canada DSL	Canada NDS	L	China		EU EINECS
Asphalt	8052-42	-4 Yes		Yes	No	Y	Yes		Yes
Copper oxide	1317-38	-0 Yes		Yes	No	Y	Yes		Yes
Crystalline silica	14808-6 7	^{D-} Yes		Yes	No	Y	Yes		Yes
Graphite	7782-42	-5 Yes		Yes	No	Y	Yes		Yes
Zinc O,O- bis(mixed iso-butyl and pentyl) phosphorodithioate	4	9- Yes		Yes	No	Y	Yes		Yes
Zinc powder, stabilized	7440-66	-6 Yes		Yes	No	Y	Yes		Yes
Inventory (Con't.)									
Component		CAS		EU ELNICS	Japar	Japan ENCS		TSCA	
Asphalt 8		8052-42-4	No		Yes	Yes		Yes	
Copper oxide		1317-38-0	No		Yes	Yes		Yes	
Crystalline silica		14808-60-7	No		Yes		Yes		
Graphite		7782-42-5	No		No			Yes	
Zinc O,O-bis(mixed iso- butyl and pentyl) phosphorodithioate		68457-79-4	No		Yes	Yes		Yes	
Zinc powder, stabilized		7440-66-6	No		No	No		Yes	

United States - California

Environment U.S. - California - Proposition 65 - Carcinogens List Not Listed •Copper oxide 1317-38-0 Asphalt Not Listed 8052-42-4 •Zinc powder, stabilized 7440-66-6 Not Listed •Zinc O,O-bis(mixed iso-butyl and pentyl) phosphorodithioate 68457-79-4 Not Listed Crystalline silica 14808-60-7 Not Listed •Graphite 7782-42-5 Not Listed U.S. - California - Proposition 65 - Developmental Toxicity 1317-38-0 Not Listed •Copper oxide Asphalt 8052-42-4 Not Listed Not Listed •Zinc powder, stabilized 7440-66-6 •Zinc O,O-bis(mixed iso-butyl and pentyl) phosphorodithioate 68457-79-4 Not Listed Crystalline silica 14808-60-7 Not Listed •Graphite 7782-42-5 Not Listed U.S. - California - Proposition 65 - Maximum Allowable Dose Levels (MADL) Copper oxide 1317-38-0 Not Listed Asphalt 8052-42-4 Not Listed •Zinc powder, stabilized 7440-66-6 Not Listed •Zinc O,O-bis(mixed iso-butyl and pentyl) phosphorodithioate 68457-79-4 Not Listed Crystalline silica 14808-60-7 Not Listed •Graphite 7782-42-5 Not Listed U.S. - California - Proposition 65 - No Significant Risk Levels (NSRL) 1317-38-0 Not Listed •Copper oxide 8052-42-4 Not Listed Asphalt •Zinc powder, stabilized 7440-66-6 Not Listed •Zinc O,O-bis(mixed iso-butyl and pentyl) phosphorodithioate 68457-79-4 Not Listed Crystalline silica 14808-60-7 Not Listed •Graphite 7782-42-5 Not Listed U.S. - California - Proposition 65 - Reproductive Toxicity - Female Not Listed •Copper oxide 1317-38-0 Asphalt 8052-42-4 Not Listed •Zinc powder, stabilized 7440-66-6 Not Listed •Zinc O,O-bis(mixed iso-butyl and pentyl) phosphorodithioate 68457-79-4 Not Listed Crystalline silica Not Listed 14808-60-7 Graphite 7782-42-5 Not Listed

U.S. - California - Proposition 65 - Reproductive Toxicity - Male

•Copper oxide •Asphalt •Zinc powder, stabilized •Zinc O,O-bis(mixed iso-butyl and pentyl) phosphorodithioate •Crystalline silica •Graphite
 1317-38-0
 Not Listed

 8052-42-4
 Not Listed

 7440-66-6
 Not Listed

 68457-79-4
 Not Listed

 14808-60-7
 Not Listed

 7782-42-5
 Not Listed

15.2 Chemical Safety Assessment

• No Chemical Safety Assessment has been carried out.

Section 16 - Other Information

Relevant Phrases (code & full text)

	 H372 - Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. H350i - May cause cancer by inhalation.
Revision Date	• 18/May/2018
Last Revision Date	• 18/May/2018
Preparation Date	• 18/May/2018
Disclaimer/Statement of Liability	 The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information given is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and is not to be considered a warranty or quality specification. The information relates only to the specific material designated and may not be valid for such material used in combination with any other materials or in any process, unless specified in the text.
Key to abbreviations	

NDA = No Data Available